§101-48.001-9 Wine.

Wine means any of the wines defined in sections 5381 and 5385 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 5381, 5385), as now in force or hereafter amended, and other alcoholic beverages not so defined, but made in the manner of wine, including sparkling and carbonated wine; wine made from condensed grape must; wine made from agricultural products other than the juice of sound, ripe grapes; imitation wine: compounds sold as vermouth; cider; perry; and sake. The alcoholic content of these beverages shall not contain less than 7 percent nor more than 24 percent of alcohol by volume and shall not be for industrial

§101-48.001-10 Drug paraphernalia.

Drug paraphernalia means any equipment, product, or material of any kind which is primarily intended or designed 1150 in manufacturing, compounding, converting, concealing, producing, processing, preparing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of the Controlled Substances Act (title II of Pub. L. 91-513). It includes items primarily intended or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, hashish oil, PCP, or amphetamines into the human body, such as:

- (1) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls:
 - (2) Water pipes;
 - (3) Carburetion tubes and devices;
 - (4) Smoking and carburetion masks;
- (5) Roach clips: Meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand:
- (6) Miniature spoons with level capacities of one-tenth cubic centimeter or less:
 - (7) Chamber pipes;
 - (8) Carburetor pipes;
 - (9) Electric pipes;
 - (10) Air-driven pipes;
 - (11) Chillums;
 - (12) Bongs;

- (13) Ice pipes or chillers;
- (14) Wired cigarette papers; or
- (15) Cocaine freebase kits.

[56 FR 40260, Aug. 14, 1991]

Subpart 101-48.1—Utilization of Abandoned and Forfeited Personal Property

§101-48.100 Scope of subpart.

This subpart 101-48.1 prescribes the policies and methods for utilization and transfer within the Government of forfeited or voluntarily abandoned personal property subject to the provisions of 40 U.S.C. 304f through m, and abandoned and other unclaimed property found on premises owned or leased by the Government subject to the provisions of 40 U.S.C. 484(m), which may come into the custody or control of any Federal agency in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or the Virgin Islands. Property in this category located elsewhere shall be utilized and transferred in accordance with the regulations of the agency having custody thereof. This subpart also governs seized and forfeited drug paraphernalia under the provisions of 21 U.S.C. 857(c).

[56 FR 40260, Aug. 14, 1991]

§ 101-48.101 Forfeited or voluntarily abandoned property.

Forfeited or voluntarily abandoned property, subject to the provisions of 40 U.S.C. 304(f) through m, except as otherwise indicated in this subpart 101-48.1, shall be reported and handled in the same manner as excess property under subpart 101-43.3.

§ 101-48.101-1 Sources of property available for utilization.

Property available for utilization under §101–48.101 is property which is in the custody or under the control of any agency of the U.S. Government, as a result of forfeiture or voluntary abandonment.

§101-48.101-2 Custody of property.

(a) GSA generally will not take possession of property that is forfeited or voluntarily abandoned. Such property

shall remain in the custody of and be the responsibility of the holding agency

- (b) GSA will direct the disposition of forfeited firearms that are subject to the disposal provisions of 26 U.S.C. 5872(b). GSA authorizes the retention of any such firearm by the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for official use.
- (c) GSA will direct the disposition of distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages that are forfeited other than by court decree or by order of a court:
- (1) By transfer to Government agencies which have a need for such beverages for medicinal, scientific, or mechanical purposes, or for any other purpose for which appropriated funds may be expended by a Government agency;
- (2) By donation to eleemosynary institutions (as defined in §101–48.001–3) which have a need for such beverages for medicinal purposes; or
 - (3) By destruction.
- (d) GSA will direct the disposition of forfeited drug paraphernalia that is subject to the disposal provisions of 21 U.S.C. 857(c) by ordering such paraphernalia destroyed or by authorizing its use for law enforcement or educational purposes by Federal, State, or local authorities.

 $[42\ FR\ 55813,\ Oct.\ 19,\ 1977,\ as\ amended\ at\ 56\ FR\ 40260,\ Aug.\ 14,\ 1991]$

§101-48.101-3 Cost of care and handling.

Each holding agency shall be responsible for performing care and handling of forfeited or voluntarily abandoned personal property pending disposition.

§101-48.101-4 Retention by holding agency.

(a) Subject to the limitations on certain types of passenger vehicles (see §101-43.307-9), a Federal agency may retain and devote to official use any property in its custody that is forfeited other than by court decree or determined by the agency to be voluntarily abandoned. Large sedans and limousines may be retained by an agency and devoted to official use only if such retention is clearly authorized by the provisions of subpart 101-38.1.

(b) A holding agency, when reporting property pursuant to \$101-48.101-5,

which is subject to pending court proceedings for forfeiture, may at the same time file a request for that property for its official use. A request for only components or accessories of a complete and operable item shall contain a detailed justification concerning the need for the components or accessories and an explanation of the effect their removal will have on the item. Upon receipt of a request, GSA will make application to the court requesting delivery of the property to the holding agency, provided that, when a holding agency has requested only components or accessories of a complete and operable item, GSA determines that their removal from the item is in the best interest of the Government.

(c) Except where otherwise specifically provided, any property that is retained by a Federal agency for official use under this subpart 101-48.1 shall thereupon lose its identity as forfeited or voluntarily abandoned property. When such property is no longer required for official use, it shall be reported as excess in accordance with § 101-43.304.

(Sec. 307, 49 Stat. 880; 40 U.S.C. 304l)

[42 FR 55813, Oct. 19, 1977, as amended at 44 FR 42202, July 19, 1979; 56 FR 40260, Aug. 14, 1991]

§101-48.101-5 Property required to be reported.

- (a) A Federal agency shall promptly report, in accordance with §101-43.304, property in its custody that is forfeited other than by court decree or voluntarily abandoned and not desired for retention by that agency for its official use and property on which proceedings for forfeiture by court decree are being started or have begun, except that:
- (1) Reports shall be submitted to the GSA National Capital Region (mailing address: General Services Administration (3FBP-W), Washington, DC 20407) in lieu of being submitted to the GSA regional office for the region in which the property is located.
- (2) The reporting agency's internal documents containing information relevant to the property may be used in lieu of the Standard Form 120, Report of Excess Personal Property; and